

THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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A Severe Hail Storm.

Particles of Ice Several Inches Thick.

FOLLOWED BY A DELUGE OF RAIN

The Loss to Fruit and Crops Will Reach Over a Million Dollars—Buildings Blown Down During the Storm—Other Property Damaged.

BALTIMORE, May 15.—The Sun's special from Norfolk says: About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon one of the most severe hail storms that ever struck this section passed over Norfolk and Portsmouth and vicinity. Ice particles of extraordinary size came down with the hail, and several inches of hail lay in drifts before the deluge of rain that followed carried it away. The shade trees of the streets and the flowers and vegetable gardens were badly wrecked.

In the country the truck farms were torn up, the strawberries, peas, cabbage and other crops being ruthlessly beaten to the ground. The vineyards and orchards suffered severely, vines and trees being cut and the fruit destroyed. Many of the truckers express themselves as ruined for the season. A swath five or six miles broad was cut through Norfolk and surrounding counties by the storm. The truckers all around the Hedges ferry section and between the western branch river and Portsmouth lost everything. The loss will probably reach a million dollars, and it is too late now to attempt to recover.

Yesterday morning about 2 o'clock a terrific hail storm and rainfall swept over Southampton county, in the vicinity of Newsum's depot, and the growing crops and orchards were badly damaged by large pieces of ice and the great quantity of it. The drifts of hail were twenty-four inches deep in some places, and twelve hours after the storm the drifts were over six inches in depth. The barn of Mr. W. S. Francis was blown down by the wind and demolished and three horses killed. Other farmers suffered in damage to their buildings. Late yesterday afternoon a hail storm struck the great bridge section of Norfolk county, and the hail stones to considerable extent were as large as mild eggs.

The potatoes and vegetable gardens were damaged. Three men at work in a field beyond Deer creek during the same storm were struck by lightning and badly injured.

From Danville, Va., comes this report: The severest cyclone known here passed over this city at 3:30 o'clock yesterday, doing considerable damage to fences, trees, roofing and fruit.

In Danville three tobacco factories were damaged, the bridge over the Dan river damaged, a house in course of construction was blown down, the colored Baptist church blown down, the roof on the storage warehouse partially blown off, and Lee's tobacco warehouse was damaged. The shed over the brick mill was blown on N. A. Fitzgerald, the proprietor, seriously injuring him. The cyclone was accompanied by rain and slight hail, lasting fifteen minutes.

Meeting of the Board of Health. BALTIMORE, May 15.—The annual meeting of the Maryland state board of health was held yesterday afternoon. Among other business transacted was the adoption of a resolution to co-operate with other state boards of health to secure the passage of a law absolutely prohibiting the transportation of bodies of persons who have died from smallpox, Asiatic cholera, leprosy, typhus or yellow fever, and to compel these forwarding bodies that died of diphtheria, scarlet fever or any other infectious disease to properly prepare and encase them in order that passengers won't be exposed to the dangers arising from the proximity of their baggage to the bodies, when transported in baggage cars.

The Washburn Railroad to be sold. CHICAGO, May 15.—The foreclosing sale of the Washburn railroad will take place to-morrow. There is no possibility, it is said, of a postponement. It is now thought that the upset price will not be bid for the division running from Toledo to the Indiana state line, and in that event it will be necessary to get a change in decree of sale. It is reported that the Alton will bid for the Hannibal and Naples divisions, and that the Illinois Central wants the East St. Louis and Decatur division. It is believed to be certain, however, that the Washburn purchasing committee will take the entire property.

Only a Light Vote. HURON, Dak., May 15.—The vote on the Sioux Falls constitution was very light in this city and throughout the county. The rain kept hundreds from the polls. Only about 900 votes were polled in this city, 200 less than on the same proposition in 1885. Reports from all parts of South Dakota show a light vote, not over 50,000 in the entire state. Farmers were very busy, and would not take time to go to the polls. Nine-tenths of the vote is in favor of an adoption of the Sioux Falls constitution.

Point Jarvis, N. Y., May 15.—The large grist mill of Cray, Hall & Company, located near Hancock, N. Y., caught fire about 1 o'clock this morning, and the mill and contents were entirely destroyed. Loss about \$25,000, and the insurance \$12,000. The fire originated in the engine room of the mill, and there was no means of extinguishing the fire the mill was destroyed.

No Show for the Women. HARTFORD, Conn., May 15.—The house has, by a vote of 99 to 11, defeated the amendment to strike the word "male" out of the constitution.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Mr. Lyman Has Been Elected President of the Board.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—There has been a change in the office of the civil service commission. Mr. Lyman has been elected president of the board. When the civil service commission was first organized the commissioners in rotation presided at board meetings. Under the last administration Mr. Edgerly was chosen president. The three commissioners yesterday called on the president and paid their respects.

The commission has heard from Oklahoma. One of the applications that came in the mail yesterday was from an Oklahoma man, who wants to know when an examination will be made at Guthrie.

The mail brings several hundred letters a day to the commission. Yesterday the record reached 800 letters. Every day recently from 200 to 300 applications for examination for appointment in the railway mail service have been received.

The Dead Body Found.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 15.—The Journal's Pierre, Dak., special says: The body of W. G. Duncan, who left Cheyenne agency two weeks ago in company with Arthur Redmond, en route for Fort Pierre with a herd of horses, was found by some Indians near the Cheyenne agency to-day. From marks on the body it is suspected that Duncan was murdered. He had a large sum of money on his person when he left the agency. Redmond came to Fort Pierre with the stock, which he sold. He said that Duncan had received bad news from his home in Oregon and had started for there. A large reward is offered for Redmond's arrest. Duncan was unknown here.

Buying the Breweries.

DETROIT, Mich., May 15.—An English company bought out Mann's, Michener's, Guelber's and Edriss' breweries, in this city, and combine them as one establishment after to-morrow. Negotiations are on for two additional breweries, for which additional capital will be subscribed. The Detroit brewers received \$425,000 for their properties, which were placed in the hands of the English company for \$700,000. The English corporation has a capital stock of \$600,000, and bonds the property for \$200,000 additional, all of which goes into the business.

Turned Over His Property.

BOSTON, May 15.—John R. Langley, doing business under the style of Langley & Smith, has assigned for the benefit of his creditors to Horace Warren, as representative of the Millbury and Grafton National banks, and Charles H. Gould, of the Danvers National bank. The indebtedness will be less than \$100,000, although no statement has yet been made. The assets are said to be large. A meeting of creditors is called for Friday. The concern did a business of about \$250,000 a year in the manufacture of shoes.

Murder Trial.

LOCKHAVEN, Pa., May 15.—The trial of Charles Cleary, for the murder of Chief of Police Paul, at Renora, March 12 last, was commenced here yesterday before Judge Mayer. A jury was sworn by noon. Indictments have also been found against Spotts and McVicker, the saloon keepers who sold young Cleary drink before the shooting, for selling liquor to minors. The state will insist on a verdict of murder in the first degree, while the defense will be devoted to saving Cleary from hanging.

Women Missionaries.

BOSTON, May 15.—At the afternoon session of the women's board of missions, Mrs. C. C. Bishop, of New Jersey, presented the report of the training school, and a number of missionary spoke of the work in their respective fields. Officers were elected as follows: President, Mrs. J. N. Crouse, of Chicago; corresponding secretary, Miss M. G. Burdett, of Chicago; recording secretary, Mrs. Thane Miller, of Cincinnati; treasurer, Mrs. R. B. Donnelly, of Chicago.

Murder in the First Degree.

MAY'S LANDING, Pa., May 15.—The trial of Andrew Grimes, the colored seaman who murdered Mate John Martin, was resumed this morning. The defense only called two of the six witnesses and then made an eloquent appeal to the jury not to take a fellow creature's life. The jury retired, and after being out about two hours returned with a verdict of murder in the first degree, and Grimes was sentenced to be hanged Thursday, June 30.

Copper Syndicate Meeting.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The members of the copper syndicate held a private meeting this morning at the Brunswick hotel and adjourned to meet again to-morrow morning. They declined to make any statement regarding the nature of business transacted, but it is understood that the American agents of the French syndicate presented a report concerning the manipulation of the copper market by European traders.

More Women Sold.

CLEVELAND, O., May 15.—At the annual home of W. F. Esig, Suisun, consigned by J. B. Houston, of New York, was sold to John Madden, of Lexington, Ky., for \$10,100. Suisun is a bay mare by Electioneer, dam Suzie Calhoun, 2:30, bay stallion, by Pilot Medium, consigned by Dickev & Brown, Marshall, Mich., was sold to C. A. Hedges, of Pottsville, Pa., for \$4,000.

United Brethren Assembly.

YOKA, Pa., May 15.—At the afternoon session of the United Brethren general conference reports of various committees were read. Rev. J. P. Gravelly, of Baltimore, made a speech. The election of general officers will begin Thursday.

The German Strikers.

They Lay Their Complaints Before the Emperor

WHO GRANTS THEM A HEARING.

He Tells Them That If They Are Quiet and Orderly That They Will Be Protected, But If Otherwise the Troops Will Be Ordered to Do Their Duty.

BERLIN, May 15.—The rioters took possession of the Prince Regent's pit in Westphalia yesterday and prevented men who wished to resume work from doing so were finally overawed and dispersed by the troops. The mining masters have sent a deputation to lay their case before the emperor, who will receive them to-morrow. Large quantities of English and Belgian coal arrived at Essen yesterday, and further shipments are expected.

The Kaiser yesterday received the strikers' committee from Schroder, Bulle and Siegel, granting them audience of fourteen minutes duration. Herr Herff, Prussian minister of the interior, who returned to Berlin from a tour of inquiry at Gelsenkirchen and other places in the disordered region on Sunday, was present. The emperor gravely listened to the recital of the grievances of the strikers by the delegates, and occasionally put questions to them to inform himself on certain points.

In reply to their statement he said: "I have a deep personal interest in the welfare of my subjects in Westphalia, as elsewhere. I have carefully followed the progress of the strike, and have ordered a thorough inquiry to be made. I have been warned of the plottings of political and especially Socialist agitators, and am grieved that the strikers should have indulged in rioting, which it is impossible for me to tolerate. Tell your fellows that the emperor himself, if necessary, will order the troops to bayonet and shoot rioters, but if the men are quiet and orderly the emperor will protect them."

In conclusion the Kaiser expressed hope that the employers and employees would be able to settle their differences without the necessity for the interference of the government.

The Berlin Post urges the government to arbitrate the questions at issue between the masters and the miners as a means of preventing further bloodshed.

Waiting for a Settlement.

LONDON, May 15.—It is now regarded as almost absolutely certain that the government will make no proposals with reference to the office of viceroy of Ireland until the ministry moves a local government bill for Ireland in the house of commons next year. Then the office will probably be abolished, and the government of the country placed in the hands of the chief secretary for Ireland, who will be promoted to the dignity of a secretary of state. Meanwhile efforts are continued to induce a member of the royal family to accept the position of lord lieutenant for a year, and there is every likelihood of their being successful. It is said that the Prince of Wales has intimated that he would not be adverse to residing in Dublin half the time, and this hint has been widely circulated as evidence that his royal highness will be the next viceroy of Ireland.

Attempt on the Car's Life.

LONDON, May 15.—A dispatch from Vienna gives a version of the attempt to take the life of the czar at Galschina, last Friday, news of which was telegraphed from Paris yesterday. The story in circulation in Vienna is that the czar was walking in the garden of the palace, when he was approached by an officer who fired a revolver at him, slightly wounding him in the forearm. The guards ran at hand rushed forward to seize the man, but before they could reach him he placed the pistol to his temple and shot himself dead. The czar has ordered M. De Giers, brother of the Russian minister of foreign affairs, to proceed to Levoica, and report to him personally the attitude of the Lutherans in that district, and the causes of their discontent with the religious administration in their region.

Kicking Against an Atheist.

BERLIN, May 15.—Herr Grauth, a prominent councillor of Giessen, and widely known as a leading atheist, has been elected mayor of that city. The religious element have made a great outcry against his taking his seat, and it is doubtful whether the government will confirm his election. He was elected by his fellow councillors without a dissenting vote, and solely upon the ground of his administrative fitness.

Insulted the Young Prince.

BERLIN, May 15.—A potter at Gross Lohndorff has been sentenced to nine months' imprisonment at hard labor for insulting Crown Prince William, aged 7 years. The young prince, accompanied by his nurse and one of his brothers, was passing the potteries in a carriage when the potter, standing by the roadside, applied an insulting epithet to him.

No Charge Against Bonlangier.

PARIS, May 15.—The XIX. Siècle states that the court of senators empowered to try Gen. Bonlangier, cannot frame a special charge against the general, and it is proposed to enter a nolle prosequere in his case. The Journal believes that the case against the general will fail, and that the prosecution of M. Henri Rochefort will be abandoned.

Foreign Notes.

Mr. Gladstone paid a visit to Cardinal Manning yesterday, the two conversing for an hour or more.

A wealthy Spaniard named Buchoes, has donated to the Spanish government \$100,000 for submarine boat experiments.

The London Standard asserts that the Ulster Peers and Unionist members of parliament are pressing the government to abolish the office of viceroy of Ireland.

An enormous landslide has occurred in the region of the Epiesbach, destroying several villages, large tracts of woods, etc., and killing a large number of cattle.

Lord Salisbury's solicitors have accepted the writ of Mr. William O'Brien in the latter's suit against the premier for libel, the trial of which will take place in Liverpool.

LABOR NEWS.

A Two Days Conference Does Not Accomplish Anything.

BRAZIL, Ind., May 15.—The two days' conference between the coal operators' state executive board and the miners' delegation ended yesterday with the operators formal refusal to arbitrate. The operators demand a reduction from ninety to seventy cents on block and from seventy-five to sixty cents on bituminous, the biggest cut ever made in the history of the coal trade in the west. They base their refusal to arbitrate on the ground that under-bidding by Ohio, Pennsylvania and Illinois operators makes it impossible to get a market at a loss reduction. Seven thousand miners in the state are affected by the decision. All negotiations are considered off, and there is no alternative for the miners but to accept the reduction or remain idle.

End of a Strike.

PITTSBURGH, May 15.—The strike at the Allegheny Bomboer works at Duquesne is broken, the company being able to run all department with non-union men. Some of the strikers are leaving town. Fifty deputy sheriffs remain on duty, but no trouble is expected.

Seven Thousand Men Return.

PITTSBURGH, May 15.—The railroad coal miners of this district who struck for seventy-four cents a ton, have accepted seventy-three cents, and about 7,000 men will resume work.

Suspicious of Murder.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., May 15.—The Kennedy drowning case at Michigan City has taken a sensational turn, and it is now believed that he was murdered and thrown into the lake. John Schmitz, a night watchman in a lumber yard, says he now remembers of seeing two men dragging young Kennedy across the bridge, and the next thing he heard was a splash in the water just south of the bridge. The man's stories are so conflicting that he has been placed under arrest to await further developments. Several bad bruises on Kennedy's head give considerable color to the theory of foul play.

The "Andover Controversy."

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 15.—Rev. John E. Russell, professor of Biblical theology at Yale, has resigned, on account, it is supposed, of a difference of opinion in regard to the "Andover controversy," the professor siding with the Andover professors. The resignation causes surprise and general regret. The senior theological class, on learning of it, met and adopted resolutions of regret, and appointed a committee to convey the resolutions to the president of the university. Professor Russell has been very popular as an instructor.

The Election in Dakota.

JACKSON, Dak., May 15.—The election of delegates to the constitutional convention in North and South Dakota, was held yesterday. The North Dakota convention will consist of seventy-five members, and will meet at Bismarck, July 4, to frame a constitution for the new state. In this district two Republicans and one Democrat were elected. Springer's minority representation scheme was tried and the people were dissatisfied with the result. It insured the election of twenty-five Democratic delegates.

Crushed by Falling Iron.

DETROIT, Mich., May 15.—A terrible accident occurred at the Michigan Car works yesterday afternoon by which one man lost his life and three others were fatally injured. A gang of laborers were unloading a car of iron when some part of the brace holding the car broke, and several tons of iron fell on the men, completely burying them. When the victims were liberated, Joe Benacotte was dead and his three companions were mortally injured. All are Germans and leave large families.

Charges Repeated.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 15.—The Journal's Winnipeg, Man., special says: The Free Press repeats its charges of corruption against Premier Greenway. It now accuses him with having received money from the promoters of the Manitoba Central railway enterprise. Greenway will probably secure the appointment of a royal commission to investigate the charges.

Knocked Out in Two Minutes.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Jack McAuliffe, the light-weight champion, knocked Paddy Smith, of Brooklyn, out in less than two minutes, at the Casino in Brooklyn last night. He knocked Smith all over the ring, and the first blow made Smith dizzy, and after a few more punches he was dropped over the ropes like a limp rag, and the police stopped further proceedings.

An Immature Man Seized.

CLEVELAND, O., May 15.—Truman Lewis, a patient in the Northern Ohio insane asylum, on his throat with a piece of hoop iron shortly after noon to-day and died to death. He had been in the institution since Saturday, and was brought here from Saybrook, O.

Back in Washington.

Land Office Clerks Direct From Oklahoma.

WHAT THEY HAVE GOT TO SAY.

A Different State of Affairs Existing to What Has Been Heretofore Reported. Interesting Details—Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The clerks sent to Oklahoma from the general land office to assist in recording the entries have returned to Washington. They all spoke favorably of the country, but complain of the lack of water, the penetrating sand and the general lack of order. Mr. Pike, who was at Kingfisher, said when he left 800 entries had been made at that office out of a possible 5,000. The office was up in its work, and the force there was sufficient to keep up with current business. Wells were being sunk and bored, and good water was being obtained, about seventy-five houses had been erected; gambling was in full bloom, and the gamblers were charged \$100 per month for the privilege of running their establishments. They were run openly, and there seemed to be no end of them.

Some few of the settlers around Kingfisher had begun to break land, but the host of them were returning to their old homes to settle up their affairs with the intention of returning to Oklahoma in the fall. There would be, he said, many contests sent to Washington for settlement, but in some instances the settlers were compromising their differences. There were, so far as he knew, no charges of fraud against government officials at Kingfisher.

Mr. Henry Wahley was at Guthrie, when he left Friday 1,000 entries had been received out of a possible 6,000, making a possible total of 10,000 entries for the entire territory. The work was all up and could be easily handled by the force now there. Like Mr. Pike, he reports a great scarcity of water. At first it could with difficulty be had at ten cents a glass. The water in the Cottonwood river was blackish and hardly fit to drink. There were not few fish in that stream and they were not fit to eat. Some few houses had been erected and gradually the place was assuming the aspect of a town. The gamblers were as numerous as the settlers. They paid \$10 per day for the privilege of running their place.

Both Mr. Pike and Wahley say there were no vegetables to be had in Oklahoma, but plenty of meat. The order keeping whisky out of the territory was in their opinion a good one, for if it had been plentiful, in the absence of good water, great disorder must have prevailed.

Mr. Wahley said he had heard frequent charges of fraud against government officials at Guthrie, but had no personal knowledge of them, and in view of the fact that Secretary Noble was now investigating them, he as a mere clerk, would rather not make public his impressions and suspicions.

Listening to Complaints.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Assistant Secretary Tichenor, of the treasury, gave a hearing to representatives of lumbermen in regard to duties imposed on mahogany boards and planks. Messrs. A. J. Constantine, T. S. Constantine, H. B. Constantine, W. E. Uptegrove and Geo. W. W. Dudley argued that the decision rendered by the treasury department in January, 1887, placing a duty of \$2 per 1,000 feet on mahogany planks and boards, should be reversed so as to classify such planks and boards as manufactures of mahogany wood, dutiable under the schedule at 35 per cent ad valorem. Frank H. Platt, appeared as counsel for J. T. Williams, and contended that the decision of the department should be withdrawn. Mr. Tichenor took the matter under consideration.

How the New York Count Came Out.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The recent count of money at the New York treasury revealed a discrepancy of \$35 out of a total sum of \$184,000,000 to be accounted for. The shortage resulted from the acceptance of a few counterfeit notes in the hurry of business, and by the loss of a few pieces of navy silver. The deficiency was promptly made good, and a receipt in full given to ex-treasurer Hyatt, who was responsible under his bond for the entire amount.

Asked and Got It.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Postmaster Van Colt, of New York, was at the post-office department to-day, and had interviews with Postmaster General Wanamaker and First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson in regard to an increase of force in the New York office. He desires \$250,000 additional money during the next fiscal year for clerical and letter carrier force, in order to give the public proper postal service.

Naming the New Gunboats.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—At a meeting of the board of the navy department yesterday the subject of names for the proposed new naval vessels was discussed at some length, but no conclusion was reached, except that the names Minneapolis, Detroit and Cleveland will not be used.

A Revenue Collector Resigns.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—Internal Revenue Collector Bishop, at Cincinnati, has tendered his resignation at the request of the secretary of the treasury.

Now in Dakota.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 15.—A special from Hope, Dak., says: Snow fell to the depth of two inches here. It is considered beneficial to the grain crop.

BOTH FATALLY SHOT.

A Family Quarrel Ends in the Death of the Two Principals.

DETROIT, Mich., May 15.—Late yesterday afternoon William Smith, a Grand River avenue produce merchant, and his son-in-law, Peter Hartswell, a portrait painter, fatally shot each other in a family quarrel in front of the former's place of business. Hartswell was trying to persuade his wife, who had left him some time ago, to return and live with him, when Smith interfered.

A quarrel ensued, which led to blows; and finally Smith drew a revolver and shot Hartswell in the left breast. Hartswell well reciprocated, firing several shots, taking effect in Smith's head and arms. Hartswell also snatched the revolver at his wife, but it failed to discharge. Smith is 60 and Hartswell 50 years of age. Both men are well known in this vicinity.

FRESH FROM THE WIRES.

News in Brief From All Parts of the Country.

Natural gas will soon be piped to Sandusky, O.

A Minnesota woman dislocated her lower jaw while yawning.

Edward Taylor was killed while coupling cars at Newport, Ind.

The deputy's wife prevented the escape of three prisoners at Akron, O.

Six persons were poisoned by canned corned beef, at Kearney, N. J.

The Merchants' Exchange of Chicago has opened a war on bucket shops.

A northern syndicate has purchased 30,000 acres of land in North Carolina.

Lake Michigan will be dredged in the hope of finding the body of Dr. Cronin.

The Hotelmen's National Mutual Benefit association met at Chicago yesterday.

An exploding boiler near Payne, O., killed Amos Turkey and Edward Hartshorn.

Two more breweries at Newark, N. J., have been added to the English syndicate.

"Uncle Dick Tate," ex-state treasurer of Kentucky, is believed to be in California.

A report in the West Virginia gubernatorial contest is not expected before July.

Senator Hale had his right leg badly injured in a collision of trains near San Jose, Cal.

At Avondale, Ala., Filbert Hawkins killed his wife with an ax while she lay asleep in bed.

The pension office has decided to establish a board of examining surgeons at Guthrie, Oklahoma.

At Columbus, O., a colored man named William Evans attempted to commit suicide by hanging.

The Ohio division of the Sons of Veterans opened its seventh encampment in Cincinnati yesterday.

The fifty-seventh annual meeting of the Ancient Order of Hibernians began at New York on the 14th.

Spokane won the Clark stakes at Louisville yesterday in 2:12 3/4, beating Proctor Knott by three lengths.

At Birmingham, Ala., Ben. Elgy, colored, pleaded guilty to the charge of killing a white man named Moslow.

Dr. W. N. Shoemaker, a prominent young physician of Birmingham, Ala., suddenly succumbed to the use of morphine and cocaine.

Truman Lawis, a patient at the Newburg, O., insane asylum, cut his throat with a piece of iron hoop off a wooden pail, which he had secured and sharpened.

William Kammler has been sentenced at Buffalo, N. Y., to suffer the punishment of death, to be inflicted by the application of electricity. This is the first death sentence under the new law of New York.

Ohio in Luck. COLUMBUS, O., May 15.—The survey of the Morcor county reservoir, made under supervision of the state canal commission, is about completed and the maps will be turned over in a few days. The result, when officially announced, will be a great surprise, since it adds several thousand dollars to the valuation of the public works. It is ascertained by the survey that about 800 acres of land at present occupied by private individuals belongs to the state. This is of far greater value than ordinary farming land. Besides the fifty or more buildings that stand on the state's property there are three oil wells and two high pressure natural gas wells.

Universal Peace Convention.

NEW YORK, May 15.—At the morning session of the Universal Peace convention, which convened to-day, Mr. Alfred H. Love, of Philadelphia, presided. The speakers were Rev. Amos A. Dyer, who sails to-morrow for Paris as a delegate to the Paris exposition and Universal Peace convention; Helva Lockwood, A. L. Martin and the Rev. P. Moor, of Liberia, Africa. The speakers at this afternoon's session were Rev. Robert Collyer, Rev. Edward W. Chamberlain and others.

Ran Through an Engine House.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 15.—Last night about 10 o'clock, near Coney Island, a train on the Brooklyn, Bath and Western railroad, ran through an engine house, badly disabling three engines, and wrecking the engine house. A misplaced switch was the cause of the accident. Only a few passengers were on the train, all of whom were more or less injured. J. J. Flynn has two ribs broken; Alva Conklyn, thigh badly wounded; Michael O'Brien, arm broken.

Out of the Jail and in Again.

NEW YORK, May 15.—George M. Storm, accused of blackmailing his wife, was released on his own recognizance to-day, but was arrested in his wife's divorce proceedings and locked up again.

Senator Made in a Railroad Accident.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 15.—The senate committee on trade relations with Canada arrived here to-day. Senator Hale had his right leg badly injured in a collision of trains near San Jose yesterday.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

"This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudinous low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. (ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WALL ST., N. Y.)"

POLISHES LUSTRINE Furniture REMOVES SCRATCHES, STAINS, &c. From Brass, Office, Hotel, Church and School Furniture. 25c. 50c. and \$1.00 BOTTLES. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND FURNITURE DEALERS.

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NERVOUS DEBILITY, And Creates a Good Lining Appetite, Tonic and Strengthens the entire System, which can only be accomplished by healthy Digestion. PRICE \$1.00; SIX BOTTLES \$5.00.

BOWANEE MEDICINE CO., Dayton, O.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for May 14.

NEW YORK.—Money 2 1/2 per cent. Exchange steady; government securities, 129 1/2 bid; four-months Treasury notes, 129 1/2 bid; one-months Treasury notes, 129 1/2 bid.	ST. LOUIS.—Wheat, 12 1/2; corn, 1
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Our prices on Cutaway and Sack Suits are certain to make an impression.

Take notice of those at \$8.50, \$8.75, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00 in front of our store.

KLEINMAIER BROS.
Strictly One Price.

THE MARION DAILY STAR
Published Every Evening Except Sunday
W. G. HARDING.

TERMS:
By Mail, \$1 per Year in Advance
Delivered by Carrier, 10 Cts. per Week
WEDNESDAY, MAY 15.

With the great Sioux reservation of 11,000,000 acres in the Northwest is thrown open for settlement, as it is soon likely to be, there will be a rush to secure the coveted fertile lands, which will be apt to make the most famous rush to Oklahoma seem a very trifling thing.

The inherent thirst for the acquisition of territory which is inherent in the Anglo-Saxon race, is again illustrated in the appropriation by Great Britain of the Suvarrow Islands, that lie in the South Pacific, northwest of the Cook, or Hervey, Islands, which also have recently passed under British rule. All over the globe the last refugees of savagery and barbarism are gradually coming under the control of powerful and beneficent civilization.

There is nothing small or mean about the mighty soul of Tamasee, the tawny native pretender whom the Germans have tried to make King of Samoa. When Admiral Kimberly, of the United States navy, endeavored to induce him to consent to peace, Tamasee, with rare magnanimity, offered to do so—on condition that all of his preposterous claims should be granted, and that he should be immediately acknowledged as the sole and despotic monarch of Samoa. Verily, Mr. Tamasee must be a great man.

ROBINSON'S BIG SHOWS.

The Big Attraction Comes, and With It the Crowds—At the Arohaul Grounds.

The great Robinson show arrived at an early hour this morning and pitched their tents on the Arohaul grounds, on north West street. In the early morning came the crowds, too, and the folks from the country and adjoining towns were largely represented. The streets were pretty thoroughly crowded by the time of the great parade at ten o'clock. The parade was a large affair and very attractive, and the curious crowds took it in with the usual interest evinced in the free show.

The great menagerie and circus was largely visited this afternoon. The former is far in advance of the average traveling show. The animals are rare and numerous and the collection very interesting. The fact is the Robinsons do not carry only sufficient animals to secure the name of menagerie, but make the animal world a really attractive feature of the show, and two large tents are required to display them.

The circus is of the first rank. The standard acts are there, and all the new and novel wonders. The riding is of the very best, even surpassing the great Barnum and Forepaugh, and the entire program all that one could wish.

The necessary side show is with them, and contrary to the usual custom, the side show is really an attractive museum, one well worth the price of admission.

Base Ball.

ASSOCIATION GAMES.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 4, Brooklyn 4.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 7, Baltimore 2.
At Kansas City—Kansas City 11, Columbus 10.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 5, Chicago 2.
At Boston—Boston 10, Pittsburgh 2.
At New York—New York 9, Cleveland 5.

A Child Killer.

Another child killed by the use of opiates given in the form of soothing syrup. Why mothers give their children such deadly poison is surprising when they can relieve the child of its peculiar troubles by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine. Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

FROM THE SUNNY SOUTH.

A Letter Descriptive of a Day of Pleasure in Interesting Georgia.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., May 12.—These long, hot days find us still sojourning in delicious idleness among the Georgia hills. The days are hot but the nights are cool and delightful.

We joined a small party on a picnic excursion last Friday and perhaps a brief description of our experience will interest your readers. We divided ourselves into the luxury of the "last sweet nap" in order to get an early start, and about 7:30 found us driving over the red hills of this picturesque country. We were to go to a once famous resort called "Roland Springs" and the drive thither was enjoyable in the extreme. Not much can be said in favor of the Georgia country roads; the soil is full of rocks and boulders that on the mountain roads continually slide from the sides to the road way. We drove about six miles through a country replete with historic memories and natural beauty. Our journey came suddenly to a termination by the bars of a high gate, guarded by a vicious specimen of the canine species, called bull dog, who was ably assisted by a common cur, a fox currier, and a hound. We paused—then from choice—and called to the proprietor to come and call off the menagerie, after which we drove down into a lovely glen, in whose shady depths were numerous springs, some mineral, others strongly impregnated with sulphur. On the hillside to our right stood a pavilion, built when this resort was visited by people from all parts of the state. We climbed the rugged hill and peered in at the open door. A half dozen lizards lay basking in the sun, and went scurrying off at our approach. We tried to imagine the place a dozen years ago when the fair Georgia belles "tripped the light fantastic" with their sweethearts. We ate dinner on the rocks, keeping an eye out for snakes. Our ride homeward lay over the "Three Sisters" mountain, past the ochre and manganese mines. The mountains here are rich in minerals, and extensive mining is carried on.

We had a novel experience the other day, being very ambitious to learn to ride as well as our fair Georgian friends, who are as much at home in the saddles as the rocks. There were but two good saddle horses on the plantation, and a little Texas pony was brought out from town for our especial use. Well, we have a vague recollection of a former experience with the "Texan bronco" and eyed the handsome little brute with some suspicion. We tried him and he tried us. The saddle was then put on a three-year-old colt by the way the property of the Rev. Sam Jones. He was behind and looked harmless enough—we needed the exercise, and so mounted. For a road or so everything went lovely, when all at once it occurred to the wretched little beast to stretch himself out, and for a quarter of a mile that blessed "three-year-old" took leaps very much resembling the playful leaps of the Jack rabbit. I did not breathe more than three times, and was dully conscious of an impartial distribution of our wearing apparel along the highway. Somehow the performance was stopped—I shall never know just how—and the ride home was one of hatless humiliation and with a heart full of sympathy for "Mr. Stevers." We dismounted. Nothing daunted we tried the third, and success crowned our efforts.

We leave this delightful home this afternoon and shall return to Chattanooga, thence to Knoxville and so homeward.

Our stay in Cartersville has been one of the most pleasant experiences of our lives, and it is with regret we bid our friends good bye. Yesterday we spent delightfully the guests of Mrs. Sam Jones. The Rev. Jones has gone to Virginia where he is engaged in a meeting.

We may write again from Knoxville, if time permits, but our stop there will be short as we are anxious to move on homeward and shall probably reach Marion Friday.

A Former Resident Dead.

(Marion, Mo., Times.)

David Eppler, the oldest person in Marion, died at his home here last Wednesday, May 8th, aged 87 years. Mr. Eppler was born in Reading, Pa., April 10th, 1802. When he was quite young his parents moved to Harper's Ferry, Va. At the age of 21 years he went to Marion, O., where he lived until 1832. He was sheriff of Marion county for ten years, having been elected to that office five terms. He came to Marion City twenty years ago and made this his home ever since. In 1828 he was married to Margaret Clinephor. There were twelve children in the family, six of whom are now living. The funeral took place on Thursday, May 9th, at 2:30 p. m., and the remains were interred in Oakwood cemetery. Although at the age of 87 years his death will not be a surprise to many, yet there are all over the country a large number of acquaintances who will learn with regret the news of his death. Mr. Eppler had fifteen grandchildren and eleven great-grandchildren.

TO THE FUTURE.

BRECKIN, N. Y., May 15. Edward Van Deusing, who formerly lived at 375 Cass avenue, Detroit, and who on April 23rd, died here, has left an offer of a reward of \$1000 for the discovery of the city, has been missing since April 23rd, and is supposed to be one of the victims of the Grand Trunk accident at Hamilton.

A Duty to Yourself.

It is surprising that people will use a common ordinary pill when they can secure a valuable English one for the same money. Dr. Acker's English pills are a positive cure for sick-headache and all liver troubles. They are small, sweet, easily taken and do not grip. Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co.

Lumped-Laced Cattle.

BEAUFORT, N. Y., May 15. Two lumped-laced cattle were found in a load consigned to J. C. C. at the Erie Buffalo yards today. They were awarded to go on and the Jersey City inspectors were notified.

Loose's Red Clover Pills Cure Sick.

Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, 25c per Box, 5 Boxes for \$1. Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye, Druggist.

OBITUARY.

WOOD—At his late residence in Big Island township, May 14th, 1899, Hampton Wood, aged 75 years, 5 months, 23 days.

He was one of the early settlers in Big Island township. His first years were devoted to active manual labor on the farm. By continued persistent efforts, prosecuted under many difficulties, he secured a good education, and at the age of 21 commenced teaching school, which profession he followed for several years. In 1848 he was united in marriage to Miss Susanna Marsh. They were the parents of twelve children, ten of whom are living—two dying in infancy. His companion died in 1878, being aged 75 years, since which time he made his home with his son Port and daughter Olive, on the old homestead. In early life he sought and found Christ in the forgiveness of his sins, and he soon became a member of the Big Island Free Baptist church, which church relationship he worthily held until his death. While health and strength permitted he was a regular attendant upon the services of the sanctuary. He always gladly assisted in bearing the burdens of the church, either as regards finance or personal responsibility, and was deeply interested in all the benevolent work and enterprises of the church. He had been an invalid for several years, and for some three months past he was entirely confined to his room and bed. No one not familiar with his sickness can form any idea of his sufferings, nor of the patience, care and skill required in the nursing, but he bore all with heroic fortitude, ever saying to those about him that he but awaited the Master's call. His funeral service was largely attended, and was held in the Pleasant Hill church May 10th. Ministers participating were Revs. Cranston, Parlette and Sutton. The bereaved ones desire to thus sincerely thank their many friends and neighbors for numerous words of comfort and deeds of love.

DELONG—Near Cedarburg, Ohio, May 10th, 1899, Mrs. Lydia Catharine, beloved wife of R. G. DeLong, aged 48 years, 8 months, 6 days.

She was the daughter of George and Hecsey King, being the youngest child of twelve children. She lived the longer portion of her life upon the home farm and died upon the exact spot of her birth. During the year 1898 she was united in marriage to R. G. DeLong, and to them were born seven children, two of whom have preceded the mother to the grave. She was a kind and obedient daughter, a loving, virtuous wife and a devoted mother. She was ever religiously inclined, and in early life she found Christ to the joy of her heart, and with her husband and daughter became member of the Salem Presbyterian church under the pastorate of Rev. S. D. Smith, during the year 1872, which church relations she held until death. She ever endeavored to lead a true, consistent Christian life, and delighted to be ever found in the service of the Lord, particularly in the Sabbath school work, in which she was remarkably successful. Her last illness was of almost three weeks' duration, when God called her to his own and she went to live with the angels.

The unfeigned thanks of the bereft are gladly extended to every one of their many friends for their untold kindness and deeds of love extended to them during their long affliction. Funeral services were held in the Salem church May 11th, 1899, attended by Revs. W. E. Thomas, Parlette and Sutton. A very large audience manifested their sympathy by their presence and listened with appreciative attention to the holy healing of Christ. Text Rev. 1:18.

All Kinds of Leather.

It has been demonstrated that all sorts of skin may be tanned. Beasts, birds, fishes and reptiles have been alike brought to the tan yard, and the prices of their skins are regularly quoted in the price current of The Shoe and Leather Reporter. Alligator skins have long been a favorite material for the manufacture of pocketbooks and satchels. The high price which the first product commanded soon induced manufacturers to produce imitations. These are merely imitations by means of steel dies, which leave a durable impression upon the leather so perfect in resemblance to the genuine alligator skin that only experts can tell the difference. The same process is used to imitate other fancy skins, so that there is no novelty that is not imitated within three months of its first appearance. The alligator skins were first put on the market in 1876.

Kangaroo skins have only been on the market about three years. The skin of the porcupine has lately been used for shoes, and is well considered. Because of its fine grain making it waterproof. It resembles a goat skin. The skin of the seal has also been made into leather, and sells for about \$10 a dozen skins.

One of the latest novelties is rattlesnake leather, which is used chiefly for making pocketbooks. The method of appearance of the finished skin makes a pretty leather, and it is rather fashionable. The imitation skins, made of embossed sheep skin, are already on the market. The skin of the monkey has also been tanned and used for making pocketbooks. Bear skins have long been used with the hair on for caps and coats, and the hides have also been used for leather. Of course these novelties are not made in large quantities, and are mostly used for fancy trade. During the past few years the hides of horses have been successfully tanned and put upon the market as a standard article of leather.

American kid is now taking a prominent place in the leather market, and is even preferred to French kid by many manufacturers, who find it quite as soft, pliable and durable, and much cheaper. It is declared that American kid at twenty-five cents a foot is equal to French kid at forty cents. Pig skins are yet in demand for saddles—New York Sun.

There is.

There is a new kind of snow fall, called "falling snow," which is falling.

DYING SAYINGS OF NOTABLE PEOPLE

Plazzo—Jesu! light.
Goethe—More light.
Knox—Now it is come.
Byron—I must sleep now.
Hudyn—God preserve the emperor!
Chatterfield—Give Day Rolles a chair.
Addison—See how a Christian can die.
Arria—My Fortus, it is not painful.
Louis XVIII.—A king should die standing.
Franklin—A dying man can do nothing easy.

Socrates—Crito, we owe a cock to Asclepius.
William Pitt—Oh, my country, how I love thee!

Rabelais—Let down the curtain, the farce is over.
Sir Walter Scott (to his family)—God bless you all!

Napoleon III to Dr. Conneau—Were you at Sedan?

Lord Thurlow—I'll be shot if I don't believe I'm dying.

Columbus—Lord, into thy hands I commend my spirit.

Cromwell—My desire is to make what haste I may to be gone.

Gen. Wolfe—What do they run already? Then I die happy.

William III (of England)—Can this last long! (to his physician.)

Demonax (the philosopher)—You may go home; the show is over.

Jefferson—I resign my spirit to God, my daughter to my country.

Charles II (of England)—Don't let poor Nelly starve. (Nell Gwynn.)

Fontenelle—I suffer nothing, but feel a sort of difficulty in living longer.

Mario Antonetto—Farewell, my children, forever. I go to your father.

Schiller—Many things are growing plain and clear to my understanding.

Lord Ellen—It matters not where I am going whether the weather be cold or hot.

Charles IX (of France)—Nurse, nurse, what murder! what blood! Oh, I have done wrong! God pardon me!

Dr. Hunter—If I had strength to hold a pen I would write down how easy and pleasant a thing it is to die.

Louis XIV.—Why weep you? Did you think I should live forever? (Then after a pause—) I thought dying had been harder.

George IV.—Whattis, what is this? It is death, my boy. They have deceived me. (Sold to his page, Sir Watkin Waller.)

WOMAN'S WEAR.

Old fashioned bare is again stylish.

Prize has now all textures, all colors, all garments for its own.

Black moire, both in silk and ribbon, will be used by the acre in summer costume.

Both for great folk and small, black continues to be the leading color in stockings.

Black grows more and more in favor as the thing to be combined with any and all colors.

A useful new traveling cloak exactly copies a monk's long, loose gown in brown Carmelite wool.

Irish poplin, though not yet a favorite with the world at large, is very much used by the leaders of fashion.

Big silken single full petals met amid frills of lace or lace, bloom on the cape now sent out by London milliners.

The new deep pointed black gowns and trimming lace are used points up, with the plain edge bordering the gown or the drape.

It is just as well to remember that blouse waists of washing silk must be carefully unlined if they are ever to be successfully washed.

Among Worth's latest inventions is a train that falls over half a yard or so at the top, and does away with the necessity of further ornament.

It is announced upon authority that the fashionable shade of hair just now is light brown, so full of warm tints as to seem red in sunlight.

Honors are high between plaids and stripes. Plaids are in high favor, with the select; fine stripes are suddenly worn by the mass of womanhood.

It is now thought, very well in London to have for your tumbler sherry bottle that have been cut down and had their edges ground smooth.

Many new lace frocks have full sleeves coming just below the elbow, to which the finish of a long glove gives quite the effect of a lace-mitten sleeve.

This is the era of the picturesque, and the woman who cannot now "look like somebody" must resign herself to life long and hopeless insignificance.

The Hadding gown, that comes in just as the miscalled Hadding veil goes out, is cut all in one piece at the front, and falls straight and full from throat to foot.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

SCIENTIFIC SQUIBS.

An English firm has just brought out a new sensitive flame burner, which can be extinguished entirely by a loud noise.

One volume of liquid benzine will make 16,000 volumes of air inflammable and 5,000 volumes of air highly explosive, but nothing but contact with flame or a white hot body will touch off the most explosive mixture of petroleum vapor and air.

In France it has been shown that frozen milk can be transported with the greatest ease, and after being kept for days and weeks and then simply thawed out it retains all the characteristics of fresh milk.

According to a French astronomer, the cooling of the terrestrial crust apparently goes on more rapidly under the sea than with a land surface. From this he argues that the crust must thicken under oceans at a much more rapid rate, so as to give rise to a swelling up and distortion of the thinner portions of the crust that is forming mountain chains.

FASHIONS FOR MEN.

Brown, red and golden tan are the leading color for men's gloves.

Fashion now permits a man to wear a white collar with a colored shirt.

Fancy colors will prevail in men's hats to such an extent that the shop of a large dealer can give odds to a rainbow.

Fine straw hats, with a hint of the sailor in their shape, will be much affected by the gilded youth when warm weather comes.

Waistcoats will be almost de rigueur with wash gowns this season, and are made remarkable so as to let the pretty silk or cambric shirt show and then come to the front.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

DAUGHTERS OF EVE.

The empress of Austria is improving under massage treatment.

Mrs. Mona Caird has organized a scheme of neighbors' clubs in England.

Miss Cobden has been obliged to give up her work on account of ill health.

Mrs. James G. Blaine has recently sold two of her Washington lots for \$50,000.

Miss Morstock, an English painter, had five pictures in the Royal Academy this year.

Mrs. Celia E. Wentworth is said to be the only lady pupil Calverley ever received into his studio.

The wife of First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson is said to be a very clever politician.

There are 6,000 girls preparing to enter the New York Normal college, and only 800 can be admitted.

Miss Minnie Freeman, the blizzard heroine, is now taking a full business course in a college at Lincoln, Neb.

Some of the most prominent women of Boston have signed a protest against the docking of horses' tails.

Signorita Gabrielli Salvini, daughter of the illustrious tragedian, has distinguished herself as a clever amateur actress.

A Boston statistician states that seven-tenths of the marriage engagements that are broken are broken by women.

A ton of rope made from the hair of devout women of Japan has been used in building a \$3,000,000 temple to Buddha at Kyoto.

Mrs. Spurgeon, wife of the celebrated London preacher, sends looks to poor country clergymen and bachelors to their wives.

The Duchess of Cleveland has just published the "Battle Abbey Roll," a work which is likely to prove of great historical value.

At Mrs. Mackay's, 7 Buckingham Gate, London, an annual sale of Irish cottage industries was recently opened by the Duchess of Abercorn.

Wright Burke, of Troup county, Ga., has been married fifteen years and has fourteen children, twins five times, triplets once and one solitary alone.

Mrs. Humphry Ward has gone to Italy for a rest. She has received a pleasant letter from Mr. Gladstone criticizing her article in The Nineteenth Century.

The temperance women of London have succeeded in getting police matrons appointed for all the stations in that great city. The city is to pay their salaries.

Chicago has a home for self supporting women where board is to be had for \$2.25 a week. It is for the accommodation of women who earn \$3 a week and less.

Mrs. Evelyn O. Tono has been elected president of the Tono society for girls at Fort Deposit, Ala., recently founded by a gift of \$1,000,000 from Jacob Tono.

Lady Randolph Churchill is about to make her debut in literature, it is said, with an article in Longman's New Review on her experiences in Russian society life.

Mrs. Harriet Hosmer, at a reception given her by the Chicago Woman's club, wore five medals, four of gold and one of silver, which had been awarded her in Italy.

Hannah Bantersley, the fat woman, was advertised as weighing 800 pounds. She was weighed after her death the other day, and the exact figures were 340 pounds.

Miss N. Troyer, a teacher in the San Francisco schools, succeeded in retaining her position and keeping the fact of her marriage a secret for five years, when it was revealed by a divorce suit.

Woman hogging exists as a punishment in the Transvaal. All the South African press is violently opposed to it, but only recently a woman was sentenced to receive fifteen lashes for using obscene language.

A number of Detroit ladies have organized a society for the cultivation of the art of conversation. They very properly regard the attainment as one of the highest and as much to be sought after as piano playing or painting.

The death of Lady Arnold, wife of the author of "The Light of Asia," is deeply regretted in England, where she was widely known. She was the daughter of the Rev. William Henry Channing and the granddaughter of William Ellery Channing, the great Boston Unitarian divine. Lady Arnold was born in England.

The chef de cuisine of a big Brooklyn hotel had just read Mrs. Ward's novel, and in order to be abreast of the fashion named a new soup "Potage a la Robert Elmore." It failed to take with the guests, one of whom said to the proprietor: "Appropriate name that. I hadn't sufficient faith in heaven to devour the book or the soup."

While the queen regent of Spain was entertaining Queen Victoria at San Sebastian by an odd coincidence the Duchess of Madrid was extending a similar courtesy to Princess Louise of Bavaria at Viareggio. The duchess is wife of Don Carlos, and in legitimist eyes, rightful queen of Spain, and the princess is a direct descendant of Charles I, and would probably to queen of England today were it not for the act of settlement.

THE LATEST IN JEWELS.

A decidedly novel paper weight takes the form of a bronze shoe.

Large gold poppies with diamond stems are much affected as lace pins.

The newest ring setting is a tiny bust of a jockey with a diamond sash.

A triangular earring, surrounded by diamonds, is a scarfpin of an attractive nature.

Unique silver hemon boxes are these modeled as owls' heads with sliding covers.

Sterling silver photo frames, decorated in renaissance style, elicit much admiration.

In umbrella handles one of the dearest and nicest is the head of a crow in richly chased gold.

Royal Worcester vases, with ornaments modeled in gold, are among the choicest porcelain.

Exquisite effect is produced by a polished glass star with a sapphire diamond center as a scarfpin.

Neatly designed scarfpins are fashioned as a lance, from the points of which glitter diamond stars.

Very attractive as a tacepin is a small moonstone face half framed in a crescent of alternate sapphires and diamonds.

Noticeable for their unpretentious character are rings with turquoise centers set around with double circles of pearls.—Jewelry Review.

THE "MODEL"

One Price Gents' Furnishing Store,

Cor. East and Center, opp. Hotel Marion.
We have arranged for a most extraordinary exhibit of Gents' Furnishing Goods, also

Hats, Caps, Trunks and Valises, Cigars and Tobacco!

Seasonable Goods, rich and fresh, at remarkable low figures. Our line of shirts are the best in the market, from 45c up. Our line of Hats can't be beat in prices and quality. We sell Straw Hats as low as 5c each. Come and convince yourself; it will pay you to give us a trial. We guarantee all goods, if not satisfactory we will refund the money.

H. LUSTIG, Propr.
S. GEIGER, Manager.

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER CHEAP. PRENDERGASTS'. SUBSCRIBE FOR THE STAR.

CITY TIME TABLE GET YOUR MEALS

Following is the time of arrival of and departure of trains at and from the several depots in this city, according to the latest changes.

ERIE.			
WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	10:50 a. m.	No. 12	5:20 p. m.
No. 2	11:00 a. m.	No. 6	12:45 p. m.
No. 3	11:10 a. m.	No. 13	5:30 p. m.
No. 4	11:30 a. m.	No. 7	10:10 p. m.
D. C. & N. Y.			
WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	4:05 a. m.	No. 2	4:15 a. m.
No. 3	10:25 a. m.	No. 10	5:15 p. m.
No. 5	3:25 p. m.	No. 9	2:43 p. m.
No. 6	11:35 a. m.	No. 4	8:40 p. m.
Local	Local	Local	2:15 p. m.
C. & N. Y. AND T.			
NORTH.		SOUTH.	
No. 1	5:41 p. m.	No. 2	5:52 p. m.
No. 3	5:57 p. m.	No. 4	8:40 p. m.
C. & N. A.			
WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	8:49 a. m.	No. 12	5:20 p. m.
No. 2	2:55 p. m.	No. 10	7:31 p. m.
No. 3	8:49 a. m.	No. 11	5:30 p. m.
No. 17	3:49 p. m.	No. 30	7:50 p. m.
No. 18	8:49 a. m.	No. 29	10:50 p. m.
No. 19	6:40 p. m.	No. 18	12:30 p. m.

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REGULAR MEALS

(THE BEST IN THE CITY)

—FOR—

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Special Dishes Served to Order

SALESMEN WANTED—NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. Permanent position guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Special advantages to beginners. Stock complete including many fast-selling specialties. **SUUFFIT FREE.** We guarantee what we advertise. Write at once to: **Edwin Brode, Hurycrafts, Rochester, N. Y.** (This house is reliable)

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DISKS

The greatest of all pocket remedies, for hoarseness, loss of voice, Bronchitis, Asthma, and tickling cough. 25 cents.

LOOSE'S EXTRACT
RED CLOVER BLOSSOM
THE GREAT Blood Purifier

TRADE MARK
IT CURES
Cancers, Tumors, Sores, Ulcers, Swellings, Tumors, Abscesses, Blood Poisoning, Salt Rheum, Corns, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, and all Blood and Skin Diseases.
Pack \$1 per Pint Bottle, or 4 Bottles for \$3.
It is one Solid Extract \$1.00
For sale by **J. B. LOOSE RED CLOVER CO.**
Duron, Mich.
W. S. Farns

The total rental of all his places is \$130,000. This includes an estimated rental of \$35,000 on the Beaver street property which the Delmonico family owns and which is valued at \$75,000. He employs 100 waiters and his monthly pay roll is \$18,000. The servants, of course, receive their largest remuneration in tips.

They are supposed to be the most adept men in their class, and yet last year with the assistance of guests they broke \$14,730 worth of china and glassware. Each year the coal which cooks the food costs \$15,000 and the coal which cooks the fluids served involved an expenditure of \$14,000. To enable his patrons to see what they are about, costs for gas and electric lights \$7,000 every month, and through the atmosphere of his rooms curled last year the smoke of cigars for which he paid out \$114,000 and received in return—well, much more. His baker makes every 100 pounds of bread, but this included \$100 worth of yeast which is sold to private families. Upon the other portion of his spread better, which costs Delmonico every month \$2,000, and which, strange enough, is washed until it loses all its salt and color, and becomes white enough to excite a dairy maid's derision. The men who go to market for him—think of it, ye dancos who love to have better and polke obolskoi's ribs—spend every week \$15,000. To give taste to his meals 200 gallons of oil are consumed weekly. This is all added; what comes in! Last year he took 1,000,000 of champagne, \$8,000,000. He has received an eight million francs, \$400,000. The average man is about \$5,750.

Do they take your breath away?

"Why do you say that, Tommy?"

"Because he shirks when he is washed."—
Harper's Young People.

An Imposition.

By the Tiger's Door. Tramp—Say, sport, couldn't you lend me a trifle to get a night's lodging? I used to be a gambler myself once.

Aha Shuffum!—Then why the deuce do you want to sleep at night? Go on; you're an impostor!—Tessa Sillings.

The Golden Rule.

Judge—Is there any reason why I shall not pronounce sentence upon you?

Prisoner—No; do by me just as you would do to any man in my position.—
Omnika World.

Millions in It.

"Why do you sigh, Helen?"

"Oh, nothing. I was only wishing that I could buy that man just around the corner of the screen at his valuation, and sell him at his own."—Time.

One Whither Sufficient.

First Day (with a pencil for the seal)—Say, Billy, wouldn't you wish you could go whaling?

Second Day—No! Dad does all the whaling for our family.—Boston Budget.

A Chicago Diplomat.

Dillard—Is see old Kilmer has taken to doctoring. Is he having any success?

Brightly—Success! Why, he cured twenty-

THE D. W. M. & CO. CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS

R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,
Cor. Washington & Charleston Sts.,
NEW YORK CITY.

NO DUST OR DIRT. NO SMOKE OR SMELL.

ENAMELINE
STOVE POLISH

NO RINGS OR STAINS NO WASH REQUIRED.

A PASTE IT SAVES
IN TIN BOX. NO WORK

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Pullman Buffet Sleeping Coaches,
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Parlor Cars and Elegant
Day Coaches.**

TIME TABLE ADAPTED
Dec. 2, 1904.

Between New York, N. Y., and
Atlantic City, N. J., via Philadelphia, Pa.

Trains depart from Atlantic City, as follows:

WESTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 1, daily except Sunday.....	10.20 a.m.
No. 3, daily.....	3.40 p.m.
No. 37, daily except Sunday.....	7.25 p.m.
No. 3, daily.....	11.00 p.m.

EASTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 12, daily.....	5.20 a.m.
No. 1, daily except Monday.....	12.40 p.m.
No. 38, daily except Sunday.....	7.25 p.m.
No. 8, daily.....	10.40 p.m.

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